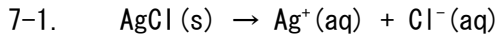
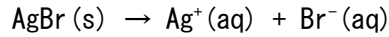


問題 7: 塩の溶解度



$$K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{Ag}^+][\text{Cl}^-] = x^2 = 1.8 \times 10^{-10} \Rightarrow [\text{Ag}^+] = [\text{Cl}^-] = 1.34 \times 10^{-5} \text{M}$$



$$K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{Ag}^+][\text{Br}^-] = x^2 = 3.3 \times 10^{-13} \Rightarrow [\text{Ag}^+] = [\text{Br}^-] = 5.74 \times 10^{-7} \text{M}$$

7-2. この仮想的なケースでは, $[\text{Ag}^+] = [\text{Cl}^-] = 1.34 \times 10^{-5} \text{M}$ 丁度 7-1 のように.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})/\text{Cl (total)} &= \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})/(\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{AgCl (s)}) \\ &= (1.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{M})(0.200 \text{ L})/1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} = 0.027 = 2.7\% \end{aligned}$$

7-3. 同様に, 7-1 の通り、 $[\text{Ag}^+] = [\text{Br}^-] = 5.74 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}^-(\text{aq})/\text{Br (total)} &= \text{Br}^-(\text{aq})/(\text{Br}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{AgBr (s)}) \\ &= (5.7 \times 10^{-7} \text{M})(0.200 \text{ L})/1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} = 1.1 \times 10^{-3} = 0.11\% \end{aligned}$$

7-4. $1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$ の AgCl が沈殿したとすると、 $1.00 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol}$ の Ag^+ イオンが液中に残る。
これより、一部の AgCl は溶解している。

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = 5.0 \times 10^{-6} + x. \quad [\text{Cl}^-] = x$$

$$K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{Ag}^+][\text{Cl}^-] = (5.0 \times 10^{-6} + x)(x) = 1.8 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$\Rightarrow [\text{Cl}^-] = 1.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{M} \text{ (僅かに減少)}$$

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = 1.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{M} \text{ (僅かに減少)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})/\text{Cl (total)} &= \text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})/(\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{AgCl (s)}) \\ &= (1.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{M})(0.200 \text{ L})/1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} = 0.022 = 2.2\% \end{aligned}$$

同様にして,

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = 5.0 \times 10^{-6} + x. \quad [\text{Br}^-] = x$$

$$K_{\text{sp}} = [\text{Ag}^+][\text{Br}^-] = (5.0 \times 10^{-6} + x)(x) = 3.3 \times 10^{-13}$$

$$\Rightarrow [\text{Br}^-] = 6.6 \times 10^{-8} \text{M} \text{ (} 5.7 \times 10^{-7} \text{M から著しく減少)}$$

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = 5.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{M} \text{ (} 5.7 \times 10^{-7} \text{M から著しく減少)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}^-(\text{aq})/\text{Br (total)} &= \text{Br}^-(\text{aq})/(\text{Br}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{AgBr (s)}) \\ &= (6.5 \times 10^{-8} \text{M})(0.200 \text{ L})/1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} = 1.3 \times 10^{-4} = 0.013\% \end{aligned}$$

7-5. AgBr は最初に沈殿する。理論的には、 Ag^+ 濃度が $3.3 \times 10^{-10} \text{M}$ に達すると、 AgBr は沈殿し始めるはずである。この Ag^+ 濃度では、 AgCl は沈殿しない。

$$\text{AgBr: } [\text{Ag}^+] = K_{\text{sp}}/[\text{Br}^-] = 3.3 \times 10^{-13}/1.0 \times 10^{-3} = 3.3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ M}$$

これは設問の Ag^+ 溶液では $3.3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ L}$ に相当し、この容量はマイクロピペットで滴下しえる最小の容量よりもはるかに小さい。

7-6. この問題は質量保存則の適用で解くことが出来る。以下のように、溶液は単純化して表すことが出来る。

$$A = \text{Ag 全量} = [\text{Ag}^+]_0 V_{\text{add}} = (1.00 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}) V_{\text{add}}$$

$$B = \text{Br 全量} = [\text{Br}^-]_0 V_{\text{add}} = (1.00 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}) (0.100 \text{ L}) = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

$$C = \text{Cl 全量} = [\text{Cl}^-]_0 V_{\text{add}} = (1.00 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}) (0.100 \text{ L}) = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

$$A = [\text{Ag}^+]_0 V_{\text{add}} + n_{\text{AgCl}(s)} + n_{\text{AgBr}(s)} \quad (1)$$

$$B = [\text{Br}^-]_0 V_{\text{add}} + n_{\text{AgBr}(s)} \quad (2)$$

$$C = [\text{Cl}^-]_0 V_{\text{add}} + n_{\text{AgCl}(s)} \quad (3)$$

$$K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgBr}) = [\text{Ag}^+][\text{Br}^-] \quad (4)$$

$$K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgCl}) = [\text{Ag}^+][\text{Cl}^-] \quad (5)$$

◆ $V_{\text{add}} = 100 \text{ mL}$, $V_{\text{tot}} = 200 \text{ mL}$ (全 Ag = $1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$)

全ての Ag^+ は Br^- を $\text{AgBr}(s)$ として沈殿させるのに使われるとすると,

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = [\text{Br}^-] = 0, \quad [\text{Cl}^-] = 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}, \quad \text{AgBr} = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}, \quad \text{AgCl} = 0$$

平衡では,

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgCl}) / [\text{Cl}^-] = 3.6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$$

$$[\text{Br}^-] = K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgBr}) / [\text{Ag}^+] = 9.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$$

$$\text{全 Ag} = \text{Ag}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{AgBr} + \text{AgCl}, \quad \text{全 Br} = \text{Br}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{AgBr}$$

$$\text{全 Ag} = \text{全 Br} \text{ なので, } \text{Ag}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{AgCl} = \text{Br}^-(\text{aq})$$

$$\text{AgCl} = ([\text{Br}^-] - [\text{Ag}^+]) V_{\text{tot}} = [(9.2 - 3.6) \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}] (0.200 \text{ L})$$

$$= 1.1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol} \quad (\text{全 Cl の } 0.11\%)$$

$$[\text{Cl}^-] = 5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M} \quad (\text{ほとんど AgCl は生成しないので, 依然として成立})$$

$$\text{AgBr} = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} \quad ([\text{Br}^-] \text{ は小さいので, 依然として成立})$$

◆ $V_{\text{add}} = 200 \text{ mL}$, $V_{\text{tot}} = 300 \text{ mL}$ (全 Ag = $2.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$)

Br^- も Cl^- も Ag^+ で完全に沈殿すると.

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = [\text{Br}^-] = [\text{Cl}^-] = 0, \quad \text{AgBr} = 1.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}, \quad \text{AgCl} = 1.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

平衡では

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = [\text{Br}^-] + [\text{Cl}^-] = K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgCl}) / [\text{Ag}^+] + K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgBr}) / [\text{Ag}^+]$$

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = 1.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$$

$$[\text{Br}^-] = K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgBr}) / [\text{Ag}^+] = 2.5 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$$

$$[\text{Cl}^-] = K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgCl}) / [\text{Ag}^+] = 1.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$$

$$\text{AgBr} = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} - [\text{Br}^-] V_{\text{tot}} = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

$$\text{AgCl} = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} - [\text{Cl}^-]V_{\text{tot}} = 9.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol}$$

◆ $V_{\text{add}} = 300 \text{ mL}$, $V_{\text{tot}} = 400 \text{ mL}$ (total Ag = $3.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$)

Br^- も Cl^- も Ag^+ で完全に沈殿すると.

$$[\text{Ag}^+] = 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}, [\text{Br}^-] = [\text{Cl}^-] = 0, \text{AgBr} = 1.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}, \text{AgCl} = 1.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

$$[\text{Br}^-] = K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgBr}) / [\text{Ag}^+] = 1.3 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M}$$

$$[\text{Cl}^-] = K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgCl}) / [\text{Ag}^+] = 7.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$$

$$\text{AgBr} = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} - [\text{Br}^-]V_{\text{tot}} = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

$$\text{AgCl} = 1.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol} - [\text{Cl}^-]V_{\text{tot}} = 9.97 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol}$$

V_{add} 加えた 体積	% Br (溶液中)	% Br (沈殿中)	% Cl (溶液中)	% Cl (沈殿中)	% Ag (溶液中)	% Ag (沈殿中)
100 mL	0.18	99.8	99.9	0.11	0.07	99.9
200 mL	0.007	100	4.0	96	2.0	98.0
300 mL	0.0005	100	0.3	99.7	33.3	66.7